

$$H\Psi = E\Psi$$

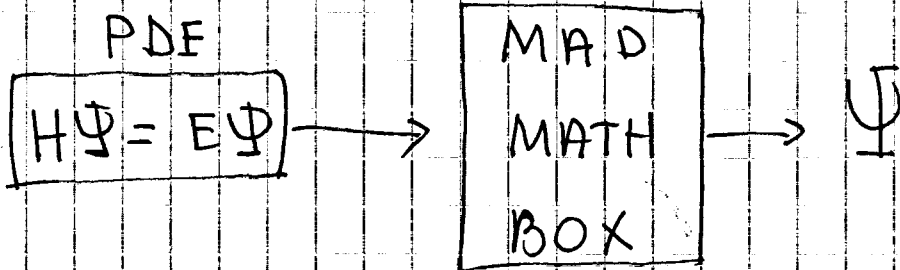
$$H = KE + V$$

$$KE = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2$$

$$\nabla^2 = \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2}$$

V

DEPENDS ON THE SYSTEM



# HYDROGEN ATOM

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \Psi(\mathbf{r}) + V(r) \Psi(\mathbf{r}) = E \Psi(\mathbf{r})$$

$$\mathbf{r} = (x, y, z) = (r, \theta, \varphi)$$

CARTESIAN
SPHERICAL

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \Psi(r, \theta, \varphi) + V(r) \Psi(r, \theta, \varphi) = E \Psi(r, \theta, \varphi)$$

$$V(r) = -\frac{Z |q_e|^2}{4\pi \epsilon_0} \frac{1}{r}$$

Sol

$$\Psi(r, \theta, \varphi) = \underbrace{R_{n,\ell}(r)}_{\text{RADIAL}} \underbrace{Y_{\ell}^m(\theta, \varphi)}_{\text{ANGULAR}}$$

$$E_n = -\left( \frac{m |q_e|^4}{8 \epsilon_0^2 \hbar^2} \right) \frac{Z^2}{n^2}$$

ANGULAR MOMENTUM  $\leftrightarrow \ell(\ell+1) \hbar^2$   
 PROJECTION OF ANGULAR MOMENTUM IN  
 THE DIRECTION OF A MAGNETIC FIELD  $\leftrightarrow m \hbar$

$$\Psi_{nlm}(r, \theta, \varphi) = R_{nl}(r) Y_{lm}(\theta, \varphi)$$

$n$  = PRINCIPLE QUANTUM NUMBER

$l$  = ANGULAR MOMENTUM  $L$

$m$  = PROJECTION OF  $L \rightarrow L_z$

$$L^2 \rightarrow l(l+1)\hbar^2$$

$$L_z \rightarrow \pm m\hbar$$

$R_{nl}(r)$  RADIAL WAVE FUNCTION

$Y_{lm}(\theta, \varphi)$  ANGULAR PART.

RADIAL FUNCTION IS PARTICULAR OF THE HYDROGEN-LIKE POTENTIAL

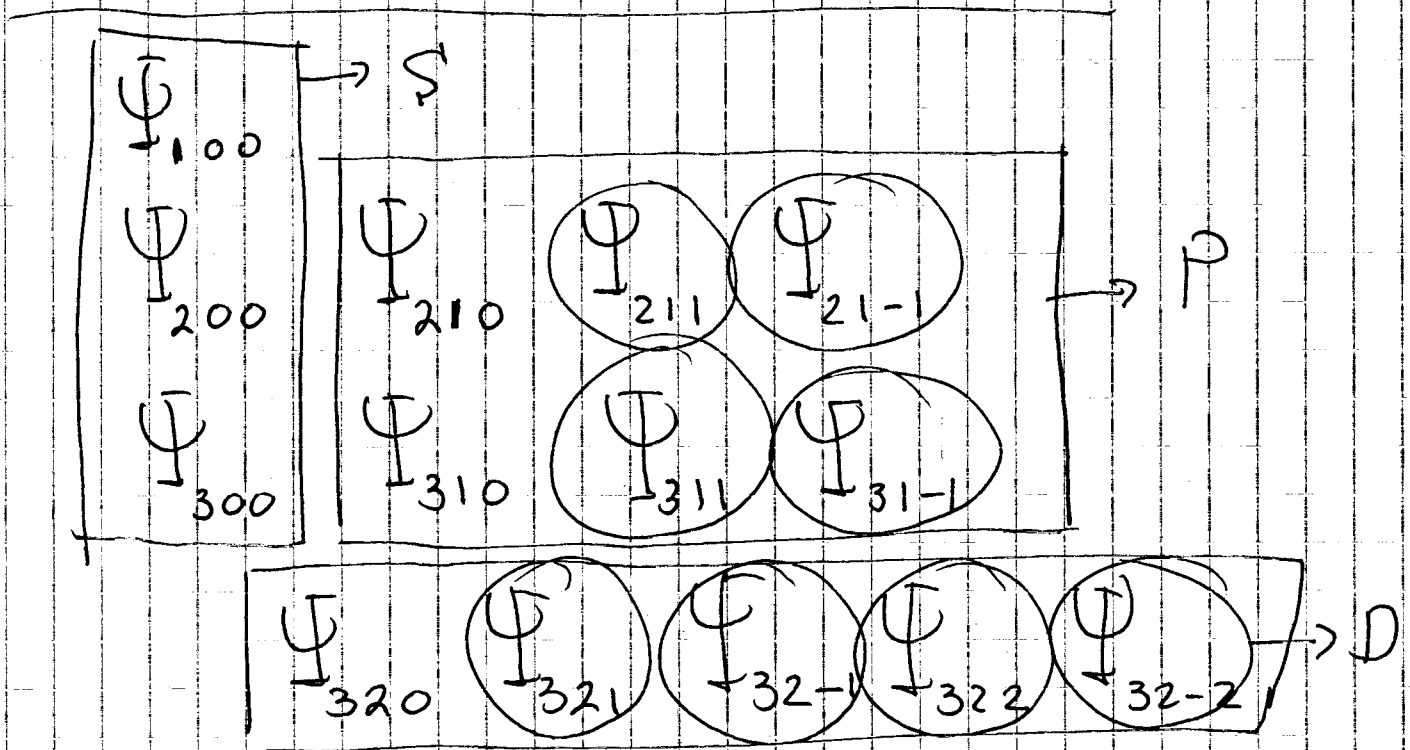
$$V = - \frac{Z|q_e|^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{1}{r}$$

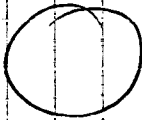
$Y_{lm}$  ONLY FEW ARE REAL FUNCTIONS

$$n = 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots$$

$$l = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n-1$$

$$m = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots, \pm l$$



 → ARE NOT REAL FUNCTIONS  
 COMBINATION OF  $y_1^1$  AND  $y_1^{-1}$  ⇒ p orbitals  
 COMBINATION OF  $y_2^1$  AND  $y_2^{-1}$  } ⇒ d-orbitals  
 $y_2^2$  AND  $y_2^{-2}$  }