Chem 361<br>Quantum Chemistry<br>Midterm Exam<br>October 18, 2006



Name $\qquad$
Full credit will be given to correct answers only when ALL the necessary steps are shown. DO NOT GUESS THE ANSWER.

This is a closed book and closed notes exam, and you are responsible to be sure that your exam has no missing pages ( 6 pages).

If you consider that there is not enough information to solve a problem, you have to specify the missing information and describe the problem solving procedure.

No one can make you feel inferior without your consent

- Eleanor Roosevelt -


## Honor Statement

I have neither give nor received aid in this examination.
Full signature $\qquad$

## Problem 1 ( 15 points)

Sirus, one of the hottest known stars, has approximate blackbody radiation with $\lambda \max =2600 \mathrm{~A}$. Estimate the surface temperature of Sirus.

## Problem 2 ( 15 points)

A muon is an unstable elementary particle whose mass is 207 me , and whose charge is either +e or -e . A negative muon ( $\mu-$ ) can be captured by a nucleus to form a muonic atom.
a) A proton captures a $\mu-$. Find the radius of the first orbit of this atom.
b) Find the ionization energy of the atom.

## Problem 3 ( 30 points)

A particle limited to the x axis has the wave function $\Psi(\mathrm{x})=\mathrm{ax}$ between $\mathrm{x}=0$ and $\mathrm{x}=1$; $\Psi=0$ elsewhere.
a) Find the probability that the particle can be found between $x=0.45$ and $x=0.55$.
b) Find the expectation value $<x>$ of the particle's position.

## Problem 4 ( 30 points)

For a particle in a box, find the probability that the particle can be found between $0,45 \mathrm{~L}$, and 0.55 L for the ground state and the first excited state.

Problem 5 ( 10 points)
Prove that for a Hermitian operator $\mathbf{O}$ its eigenfunctions are orthogonal.

