

## MATH 105: QUIZ 4

INSTRUCTOR: STEVEN MILLER (SJM1@WILLIAMS.EDU)

**NOTE:** Write your name *and* section number. Each question is worth 10 points. You have 30 minutes to do the quiz, which is closed book. Do not use computers or any other devices.

**Question 1:** Write down the  $3 \times 2$  matrix (three rows, two columns) where the entry in the  $i^{\text{th}}$  row and  $j^{\text{th}}$  column is the product of  $i$  and  $j$ . If this matrix acts on the column vector  $(3, 4)^T$  (for typographical reasons it is written as a row vector, with the  $T$  standing for transpose), what is the result?

**Solution:** The matrix is

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 6 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Acting on the column vector  $(3, 4)^T$  gives

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 6 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 4 \\ 2 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 4 \\ 3 \cdot 3 + 6 \cdot 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 22 \\ 33 \end{pmatrix}.$$

**Question 2:** Find the tangent plane to  $f(x, y, z) = x^2y^2z^2 + xyz$  at the point  $(1, 1, 1)$ .

**Solution:** We have

$$(Df)(x, y, z) = (\nabla f)(x, y, z) = \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \right).$$

We have

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2xy^2z^2 + yz, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2yz^2x^2 + zx, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = 2zx^2y^2 + xy.$$

Collecting gives

$$\left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \right) = (2xy^2z^2 + yz, 2yz^2x^2 + zx, 2zx^2y^2 + xy).$$

The language is in error for this problem; I meant to ask for the tangent *hyperplane*. We have

$$u = f(x, y, z)$$

leads to

$$\begin{aligned} u &= f(1, 1, 1) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(1, 1, 1)(x - 1) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(1, 1, 1)(y - 1) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}(1, 1, 1)(z - 1) \\ &= 2 + 3(x - 1) + 3(y - 1) + 3(z - 1). \end{aligned}$$

**Question 3: State a condition on a function  $f$  and its partial derivatives that implies  $f$  is differentiable. Give an example of a function satisfying these conditions. Do not hand in the following, but you should be able to discuss the main ingredients in the proof and how they are used.**

**Solution:** If the partial derivatives exist and are continuous, then the function is differentiable.