## PLOTS FROM RANDOM MATRIX THEORY

STEVEN J. MILLER

1. Plots from Chapters 15 – 17 of an Invitation to Modern Number Theory

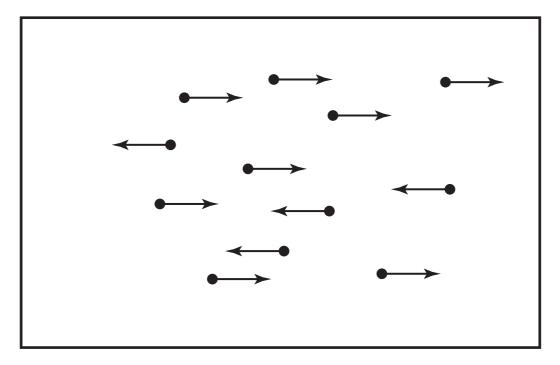


FIGURE 1. Molecules in a box

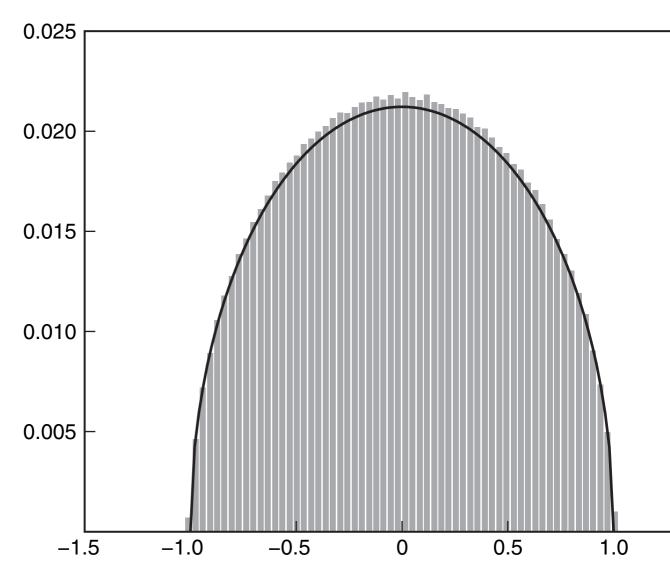


FIGURE 2. Distribution of eigenvalues: 500 Gaussian matrices  $(400 \times 400)$ 

First we look at the density of eigenvalues when p is the standard Gaussian,  $p(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-x^2/2}$ . In Figure 2 we calculate the density of eigenvalues for 500 such matrices (400 × 400), and note a great agreement with the semi-circle.

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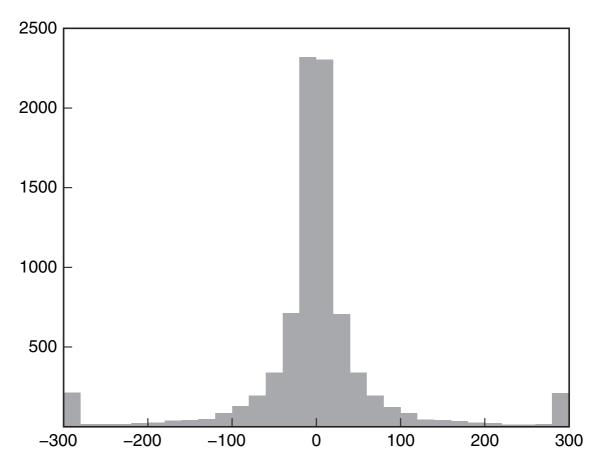


FIGURE 3. Distribution of eigenvalues: 5000 Cauchy matrices ( $300 \times 300$ )

What about a density where the higher moments are infinite? Consider the Cauchy distribution,

$$p(x) = \frac{1}{\pi(1+x^2)}.$$
(1.1)

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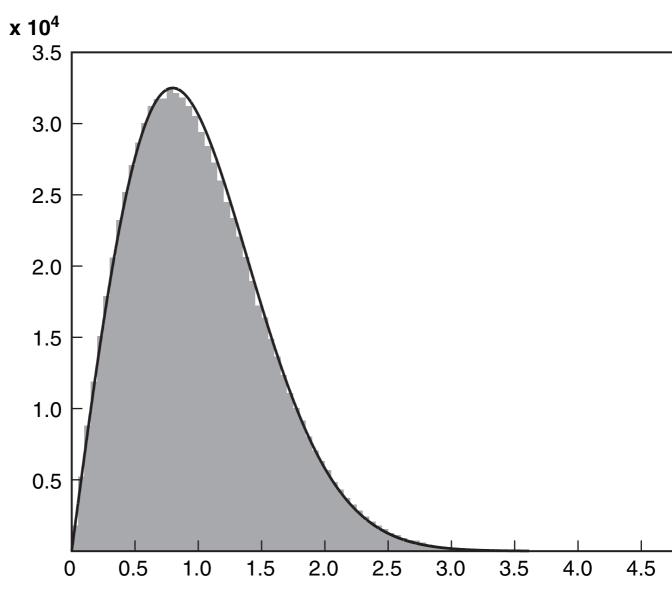


FIGURE 4. The local spacings of the central three-fifths of the eigenvalues of 5000 matrices ( $300 \times 300$ ) whose entries are drawn from the Uniform distribution on [-1, 1]

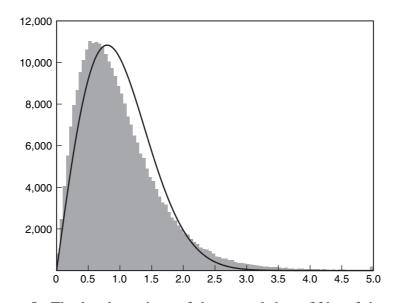


FIGURE 5. The local spacings of the central three-fifths of the eigenvalues of 5000 matrices ( $100 \times 100$ ) whose entries are drawn from the Cauchy distribution

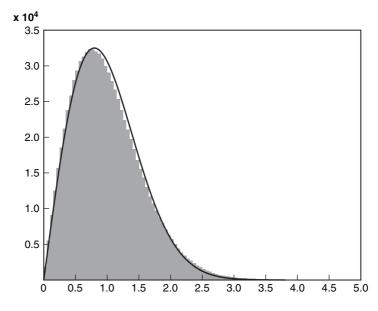


FIGURE 6. The local spacings of the central three-fifths of the eigenvalues of 5000 matrices ( $300 \times 300$ ) whose entries are drawn from the Cauchy distribution

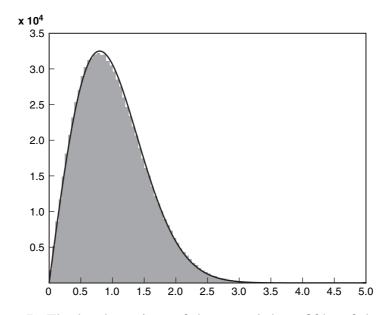


FIGURE 7. The local spacings of the central three-fifths of the eigenvalues of 5000 matrices ( $300 \times 300$ ) whose entries are drawn from the Poisson distribution ( $\lambda = 5$ )

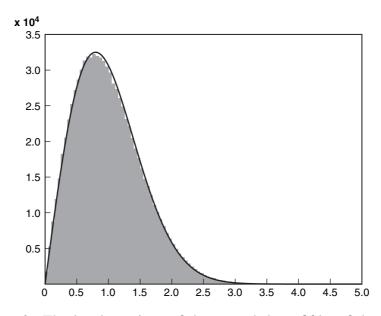


FIGURE 8. The local spacings of the central three-fifths of the eigenvalues of 5000 matrices ( $300 \times 300$ ) whose entries are drawn from the Poisson distribution ( $\lambda = 20$ )

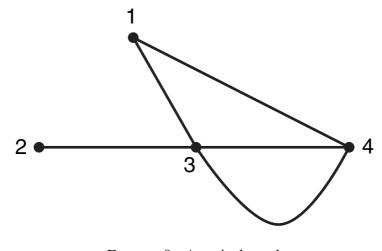


FIGURE 9. A typical graph

The degrees of vertices are 2, 1, 4 and 3, and vertices 3 and 4 are connected with two edges.

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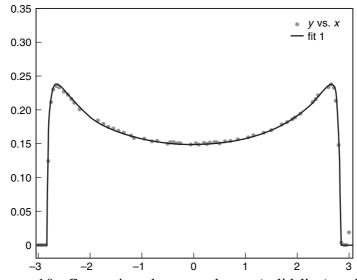


FIGURE 10. Comparison between theory (solid line) and experiment (dots) for 1000 eigenvalues of 3-regular graphs (120 bins in the histogram)

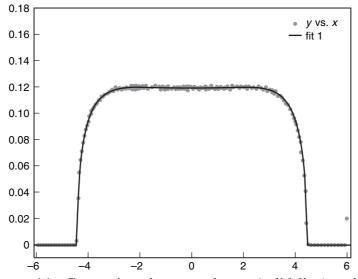


FIGURE 11. Comparison between theory (solid line) and experiment (dots) for 1000 eigenvalues of 6-regular graphs (240 bins in the histogram)

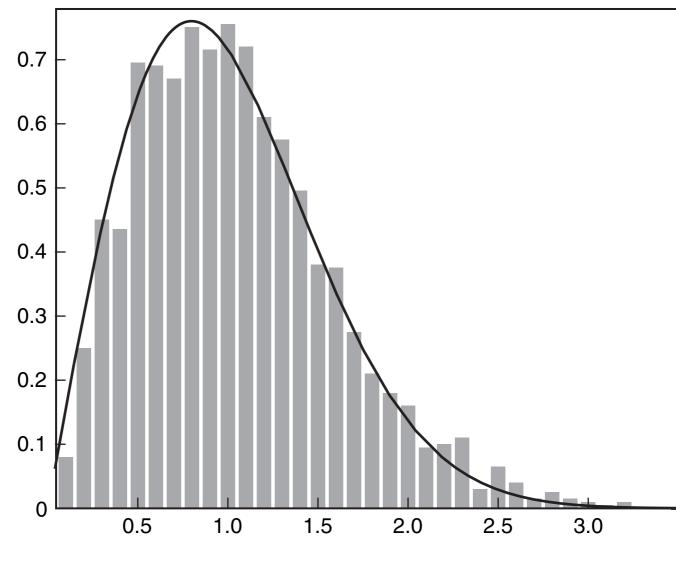


FIGURE 12. 3-regular, 2000 vertices (graph courtesy of [?])



FIGURE 13. Spacings between normalized eigenvalues from 1000 Real Symmetric Toeplitz matrices  $(1000 \times 1000)$ 

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