DIPLOMA PROBLEMS

```
Given n people, what is the probability
    that your diploma's number is within 1 of
    the correct value? So if you are number 5,
   get either 4, 5 or 6; if there are n people we
     say 1 and n are adjacent. Answer is 3 / n if n \ge 3 / n
    3. Next: what is the expected number of
       people to get a diploma within 1 of theirs?
         Linearity of expectation :
      Let X i be 1 if person i gets a diploma
       within 1 of theirs, and 0 else.
     If X is the number of people with a diploma
    within 3, \phi then X = X_1 + ... + X_n.So
   SOE[X] = SumE[X i] and E[X i] =
     1 + 3/n + 0 + (n - 3)/n = 3/n
   SOE[X] = Sum_{i} = 1 ton_{3/n} = 3
infs4:= threegrad[printcheck , numiter , n ] :=
    Module[{},
     count = 0;
     list = {};
     For j = 1, j \leq n,
      j++, list = AppendTo[list, j]];
     (* creates list of numbers *)
```

```
For [i = 1, i \leq numiter, i++,
  {
   newlist = RandomSample[list, n];
   If [i = 1 \& printcheck = 1,
    Print[list, " ", newlist]];
   currentcorrect = 0; (* initialize to zero,
   no one is within 1 yet *)
   For [d = 1, d \le n, d++,
    If [Abs [newlist[[d]] - d] \leq 1,
     currentcorrect = currentcorrect + 1]];
   (* d statement ends *)
   (* have to handle wrap-around *)
   If[newlist[[1]] == n,
    currentcorrect = currentcorrect + 1];
   If[newlist[[n]] == 1,
    currentcorrect = currentcorrect + 1];
   If [i = 1 \& e printcheck = 1,
    Print["Number of matches is ",
     currentcorrect]];
   count = count + currentcorrect;
  }]; (* end of i loop *)
Print
  "The average number observed that are within
    1 is ", 1.00 count / numiter];
] (* end of module *)
```

```
In[57]= Timing[threegrad[0, 100000, 10]]
The average number observed
that are within 1 is 2.999995
Out[57]= {2.57402, Null}
```

```
Now consider a success if diploma is the same
 parity as yours; even - even or odd - odd;
not even - odd or odd - even. Now what
   is the expected number of successes?
    Recursion: if n = 1 expected
  number of successes is 1
If n = 2 expected number of successes is 1 =
  2 * 1/2 + 0 * 1/2
If n = 3: 123 = 132 = 213 = 231 = 312 =
      321 \quad (3+1+1+1+1+3) / 6 = 10 / 6 = 5 / 3
a(2n) = 1/2(1 + a(2n - 1)) +
  1/2 (0 + a (2n - 2))
a(2n + 1) = ???
paritygrad[printcheck_, numiter_, n_] :=
 Module[{},
  count = 0;
```

```
For [j = 1, j \le n, j++,
```

list = $\{\};$

In[72]:=

```
list = AppendTo[list, Mod[j, 2]]];
 (* creates list of numbers *)
 For [i = 1, i \leq numiter, i++,
  {
   newlist = RandomSample[list, n];
   If[i == 1 && printcheck == 1,
    Print[list, " ", newlist]];
   currentcorrect = 0; (* initialize to zero,
   no one is within 1 yet *)
   For [d = 1, d \le n, d++,
    If [newlist[[d]] == Mod[d, 2],
     currentcorrect = currentcorrect + 1]];
   (* d statement ends *)
   If [i = 1 \& e print check = 1,
    Print["Number of matches is ",
     currentcorrect]];
   count = count + currentcorrect;
  }]; (* end of i loop *)
 Print
  "The average number of same parity is ",
  1.00 count / numiter];
] (* end of module *)
```

```
Iming[paritygrad[1, 10000, 10]]
```

{1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0} {1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1} Number of matches is 6 The average number of same parity is 4.9782 Out[74]= {0.218401, Null}