Housing Diversity by Class-Year

Prior to the implementation of the neighborhood system, 60% of upperclassmen lived in houses in which more than 80% of the residents came from a single class-year. Now, only 10% of upperclassmen live in houses so strongly dominated by a single class-year.
Housing Diversity by Gender

In 2001-02, 37% of upperclassmen lived in houses in which at least 70% of the residents were of a single gender. Since the introduction of the gender cap in 2002-03, fewer than 10% of upperclassmen live in houses with such a dramatic gender imbalance (and these are almost all co-ops).
Housing Diversity by Ethnicity

Prior to the implementation of the neighborhood system, 20% of upperclassmen lived in houses in which more than 80% of the residents were white. Now, fewer than 10% of upperclassmen live in such houses, and nearly 40% live in houses in which fewer than 60% of the residents are white.
Housing Diversity by Athletics

The neighborhood system has not had an immediate impact on athletic diversity within individual houses. This is likely because current upperclassmen were allowed to choose their neighborhoods in the transition from free agency. The process to be implemented this spring for assigning rising sophomores to neighborhoods should foster increased athletic diversification.